

ZMT LEIBNIZ CENTRE for Tropical Marine Research

Universität Bremen*

Leibniz ASSOCIATION



Damals Seide, heute Fisch.
Handelsnetzwerke, die die Welt verändern

13. November 2018 | Prof. Dr. Anna-Katharina Hornidge, Uni Bremen (FB8) & ZMT, Abteilungsleitung Sozialwissenschaften

'Belt and Road' Initiative China's

2

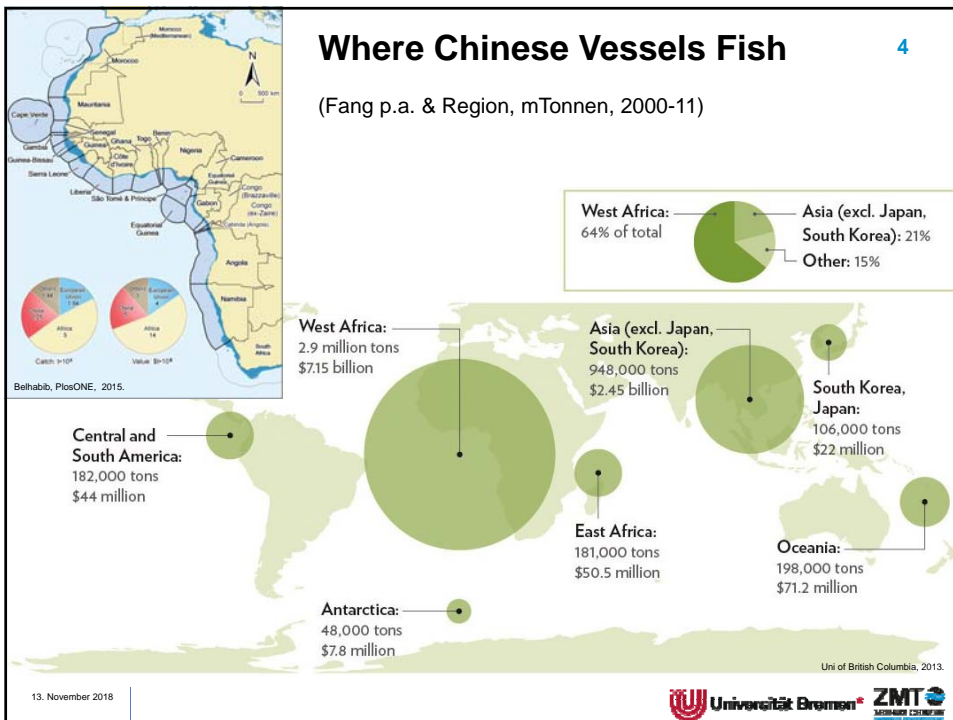
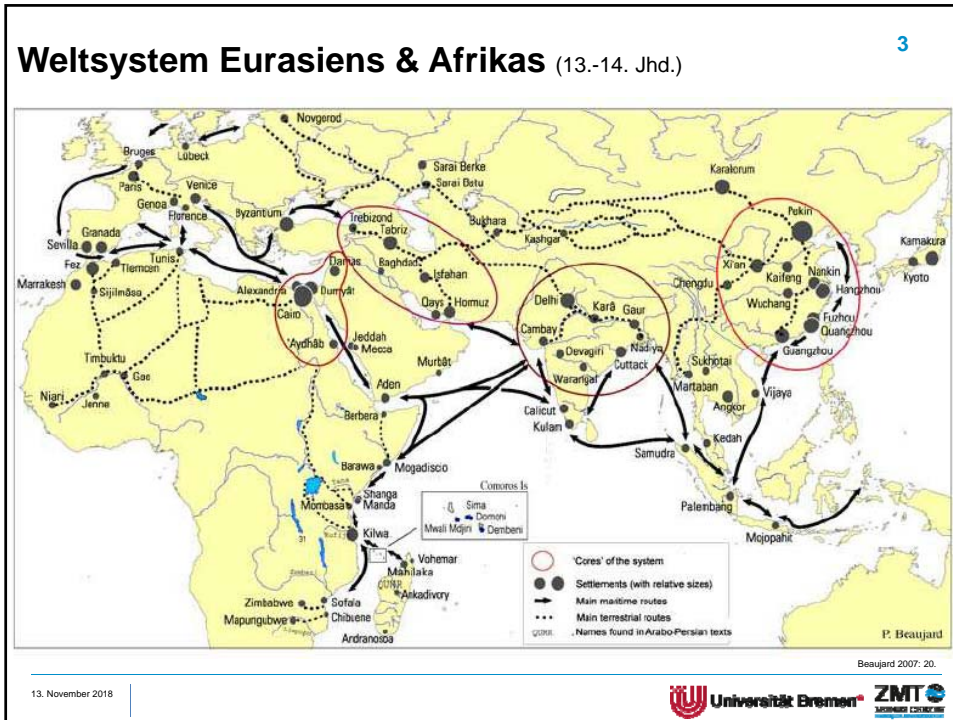


Legend:
■ Silk Road Economic Belt
■ Maritime Silk Road of the 21st Century
■ AIB member states

Projects submitted under 'Belt and Road' by the Chinese authorities:
● Proposed economic corridors
● Existing gas pipelines
● Existing or under construction gas pipelines
● Existing railroads
● Existing or under construction railroads
● Existing ports
● Existing or under construction ports with Chinese engagement

Mercator Institute for China Studies 2017.

13. November 2018 | Universität Bremen* ZMT LEIBNIZ CENTRE FOR TROPICAL MARINE RESEARCH

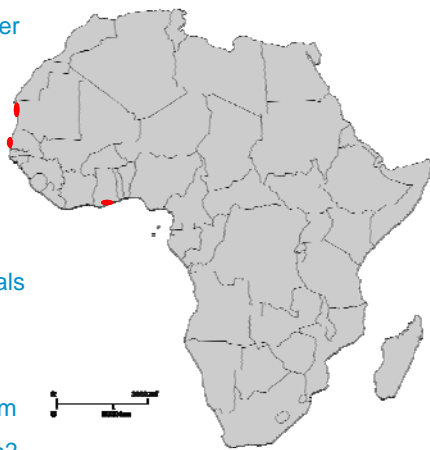


Übergeordnete Fragestellung 5



Wie wird die Maritime Seidenstraße entlang der Küste Westafrikas reflektiert, ver- und ausgehandelt?

Was lernen wir über chinesische Handelsnetzwerke, Austausch und Einfluss indem wir die Fischerei Mauretaniens, Senegals und Ghanas untersuchen?

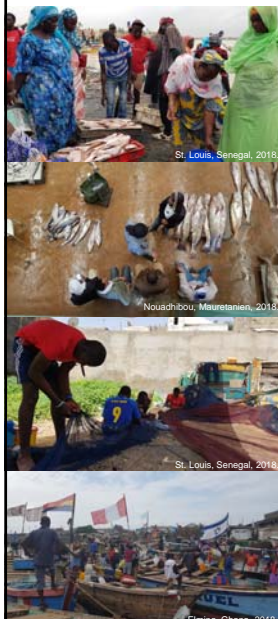
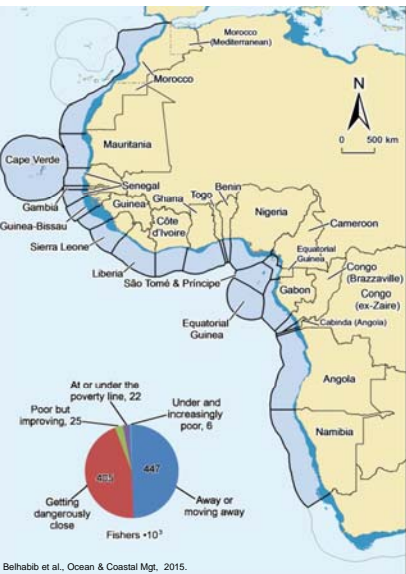
Welche soziale Realitäten befinden sich hier im Entstehen? Und was bedeutet dies für Europa?



13. November 2018




Universität Bremen

ZMT
Zentrum für Maritime Technologie

Bevölkerungsstark & Verarmend 6

Belhabib et al., Ocean & Coastal Mgt., 2015.

Country	Daily Income (\$ US-fisher ⁻¹)
Morocco	~1.5
Morocco (Mediterranean)	~1.5
Mauritania	~1.0
Senegal	~1.5
Gambia	~1.5
Cape Verde	~1.5
Guinea-Bissau	~1.0
Guinea	~1.0
Sierra Leone	~1.5
Liberia	~1.0
Côte d'Ivoire	~1.0
Ghana	~1.0
Togo	~1.0
Benin	~1.0
Nigeria	~1.0
SI & Princ	~1.0
Eq Guinea	~1.0
Gabon	~1.0
Cameroon	~1.0
Congo (Brazz)	~1.5
Congo (ex-Zaire)	~1.0
Angola	~1.0


Universität Bremen

ZMT
Zentrum für Maritime Technologie

Fischmehlproduktion, Mauretaniien

7



Nouadhibou, Mauretaniien, 2018.

13. November 2018



Mittelstand & EU als Leitbild

8



St. Louis, Senegal, 2018.

13. November 2018



Destruktiver Wettbewerb

9

"The Chinese buy everything. All species, all sizes, all qualities."

(Kleinfischer, Dakar, 09.2018)




Destruktiver Wettbewerb

10

"We no longer get enough fish for salting and drying. It is too expensive. And the quality is not good." (Leiterin einer fischverarbeitenden Kooperative, Dakar, 09.2018)



Bewältigungsstrategien 11



Illegale Fangpraktiken

“The big trawlers destroy everything. There is no food for the fish. [...] So there is no fish. [...] Some fishers use poison, do light fishing or dynamite. It is bad for the fish. But the men need to feed their families”

(Chief, Gruppeninterview mit Dorfältesten, Cape Coast, 10.2018)

Transshipment (Saiko)

“The Saiko-fish arrives in Tema. Then the frozen fish comes to Elmina. In boxes.”

(Kleinfischer, Elmina, 10.2018)




13. November 2018

Bewältigungsstrategien

Exodus aus der Fischerei

“It is not enough anymore to pay for the net. [...] I am a driver now.”

(Kleinfischer, Cape Coast, 10.2018)



“The big men are involved. As soon as you raise your voice, you become an enemy.”

(Leiter Fischereikooperative, Elmina, 10.2018)

